Characteristics, trends, and way forward for Special Economic Zones in Africa

Insights from a UNIDO-AEZO Survey



UNITED NATIONS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION







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Methodology





Purpose & Scope

Analyze SEZ characteristics, trends, and challenges & digitalization of SEZs in Africa

Sampling

Purposive sampling, 218 active SEZs, 63 responses (61% response rate) out of 103 contacted





Questionnaire

46-item survey (nominal/ordinal & open-ended) targeting SEZ administrators. Two parts; SEZ Profiles and Digitalization

Individual Park Level

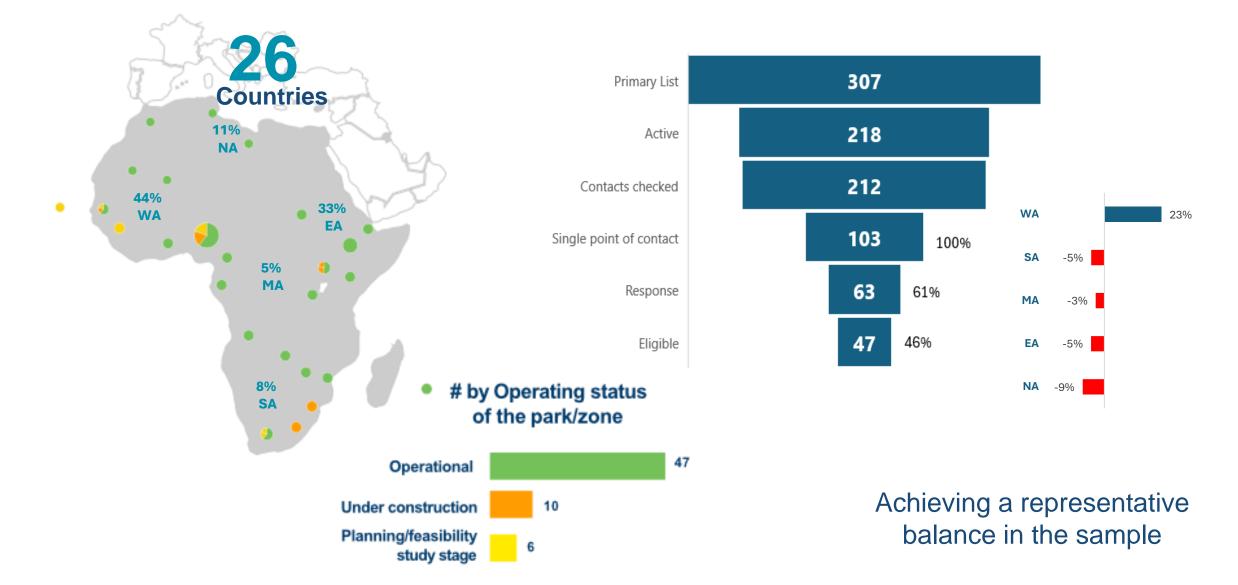
Limits generalizability across the continent

Response Variations

Response rates and data collection challenges

Methodology

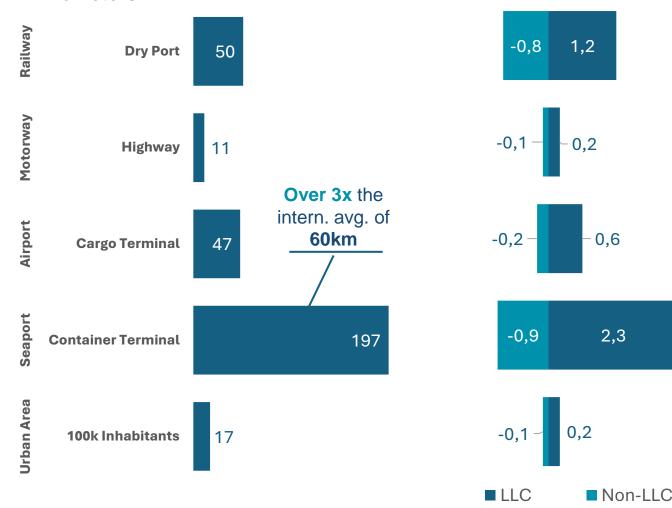




Logistical Position



Zones' avg. distance to



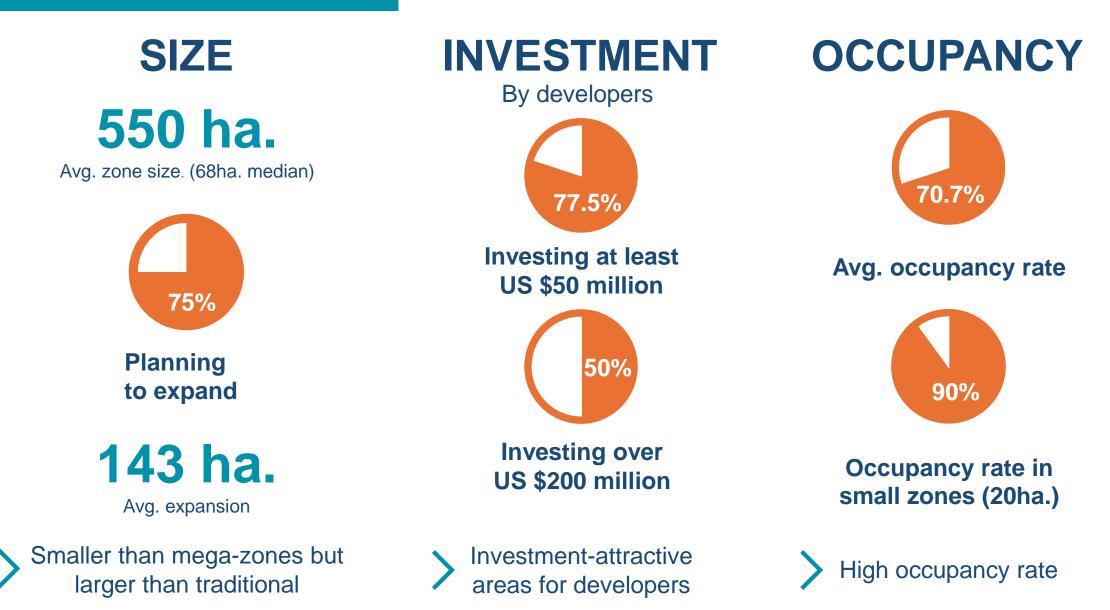
Non-LLC vs. LLC Compared to avg. distance (+1 times)

> Overwhelmingly inland in nature, African SEZs appear to be operating at a considerable disadvantage relative to SEZs in other parts of the world.

African landlocked countries chose to locate SEZs further away from urban areas, airports, motorways and railways.

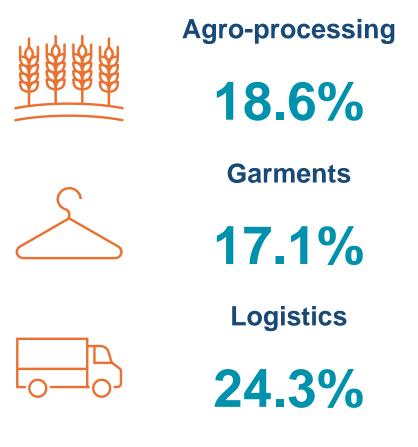
Scale & Occupancy





Sectoral Focus





Consistent with literature since 2008

- Expand into High-Potential Sectors, e.g. Tourism and ICT
- Develop Sector-Specific SEZ Infrastructure
- Implement Targeted Marketing and Investment Promotion
- Adopt Public-Private Management Models for Greater Efficiency
- Strengthen SEZ Management Capacity and ESG Standards

Investment & Employment







Job Creation



47.2% 40% over US\$50 m. over US\$200 m.

Comparable to global averages

Clarify Investment Data

Conduct research to resolve conflicting investment figures

2k Jobs per zone (median)

Surpasses the global averages but there is a decline in total

Buffer Against Trade Shifts

Develop policies to protect SEZ jobs in affected sectors Ownership and Job

PPPPublicPvt.**5k2k500**Jobs per zone (median)

The PPP model for employment

Promote PPP Models

Support PPP ownership for higher job creation

Women's Employment

36.9% Women's employment

Increase in non-traditional labor-intensive industries

Boost Women's Employment

Launch initiatives to increase women's employment.

Governance & Ownership





Public ownership prevails

Contrary to global norms where SEZs tend to be privately owned and managed

> Enhance Management Capacity Bridge policy-outcome gaps with training and monitoring



Regional variations in ownership

North Africa has more SEZs in a public-private partnership (PPP) framework

> Encourage PPP Models Support PPP adoption with legal frameworks and incentives



Management standards lag behind

> Management quality of African SEZs as a key limiting factor

Strengthen ESG Standards Attract responsible investors with strong ESG practices for SEZs

Effective management practices are crucial for their success and impact, regardless of who owns them

Infrastructure & services



22%

min. 25%+



Increasing reliance on renewable energy sources to address energy shortages, promote sustainable industrial development, and attract investments in renewable energy infrastructure

Digitalization



Digital Literacy Gap



COVID-19 as a Catalyst for digital adoption



Limited Fixed Bandwidth



Data-intensive Industry 4.0 applications that rely on technologies like IoT, cloud computing, and data analytics

Develop Industry 4.0 Strategies

Top priority item for implementation to achieve digital transformation

Invest in ICT Infrastructure

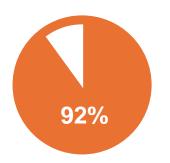
Production equipment and infrastructure as the main impediment for the adoption of industry 4.0 strategies



Leverage Digital Marketing

Policy & Marketing





Regulatory Framework

Publicly available regulatory documents and master plans can be attractive to potential investors

Most African SEZs rely on traditional marketing methods

Digital Marketing Potential presents a potential area for growth and development

Need for Targeted Marketing in African SEZs to attract high-potential sectors, boosting competitiveness

Observations





Limited scale and lack of industrial clustering hinder competitiveness. Small scale restricts the development of vibrant industrial ecosystems. Limits the ability to leverage economies of scale.



Facilitating linkages and spillovers Local procurement, technology transfer, skills development.



Ensuring sustainability

Overlooked social and environmental considerations in SEZ development. Lack of focus on resource efficiency, environmental compliance, and decent work conditions. Importance of attracting sustainable investment.

Observations



Attracting investments

Lack of investment compared to other regions Limited visibility and improvement in national investment climates Challenges in attracting FDI despite opportunities (AGOA, AfCFTA)



Promoting sectoral diversification

Concentration in traditional, low-value-added sectors Need to diversify SEZ activities into other sectors Reducing dependence on quota-hopping and export preferences



Strengthening management quality

Management and bureaucratic hurdles Administrative efficiency Investment promotion strategies

Observations



Supporting policy reform



- Effective policy and regulatory environments
 - Streamlined investment procedures
- > and improved customs administration
- Using SEZs as pilots for broader economic reforms



Digital platform







UNIDO tool	Key challenge addressed	How it enhances SEZ performance
UNIDO investment platform	Low levels of investment in African SEZs	Showcases SEZ investment opportunities to a global audience, attracts FDI.
Subcontracting and partnership exchange (SPX)	Weak integration with domestic economies	Connects SEZ entities with local suppliers, fosters partnerships, supports local procurement, technology transfer, and skills development, and strengthens regional value chains for AfCFTA.



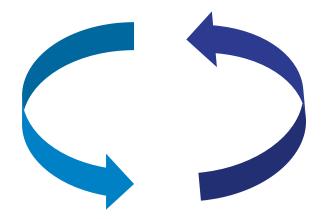
UNIDO tool	Key challenge addressed	How it enhances SEZ performance
Computer model for feasibility analysis and reporting (COMFAR)	Lack of strategic approach for SEZ projects	Supports economic viability studies, financial modeling, and long-term sustainability assessments for SEZ projects, aiding both governments and private investors in decision-making.
Business registry and investment monitoring tools	Ineffective management of SEZ	Manages SEZ, monitors investment inflows and project progress, and facilitates data- driven decision-making for adaptive management.
Eco-industrial parks (EIP) framework IAIP (https://ipp.unido .org/)	Social and environmental sustainability challenges	Promotes the development of eco-industrial parks, encourages resource efficiency, environmental compliance, and decent work conditions.



Leveraging digitalization for a concerted investment promotion effort



The Invest-in-ACP Investment Promotion Portal which provides investment location information including investment project opportunities, ACP country and regional level institutional partners, value chain and sectoral details and information on industrial parks and sites





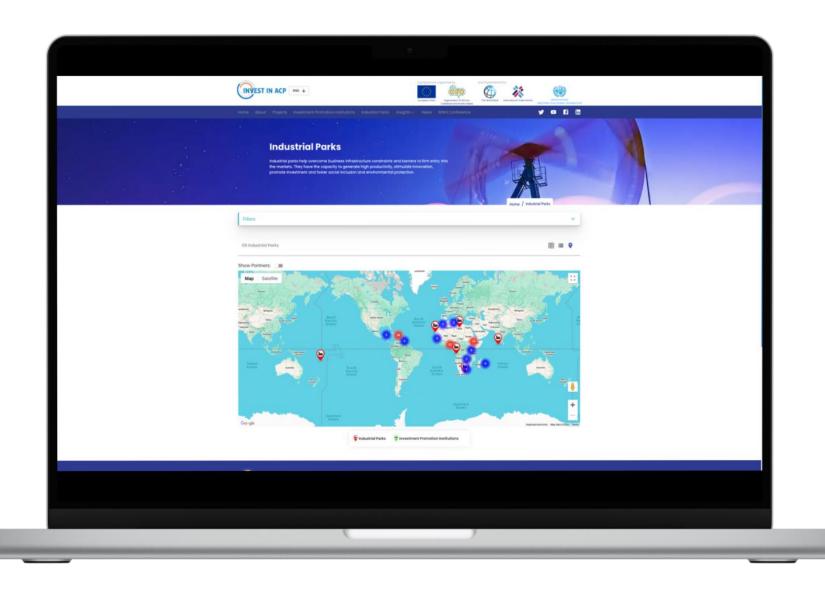
Digital Investment Profiling System (DIPS)

The Digital Investment Profiling System (DIPS) constitutes the back-end of the Invest-in-ACP Portal. It serves as a web application for IPAs and IPIs for the management of investment profiling data including Investment Opportunity Profiles (IOPs) as well as business intelligence on existing investors in the country.

https://dips.unido.org

https://investment.unido.org

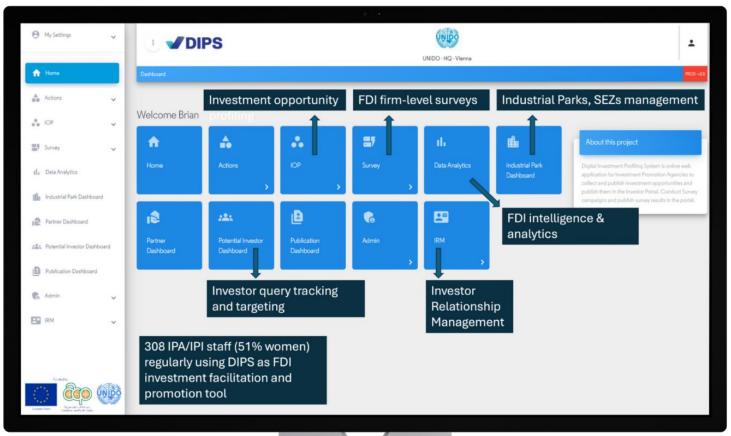




The public promotion site



The versatile back-end







The way forward

(1) Driving digital transformation

Challenge: Limited digital literacy among SEZ administrators



Action: Support Industry 4.0 strategies and provide tech access and training

Enhancement: Boost SEZ competitiveness via digital adoption



Thank you for your attention!



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